

**FUNCTIONAL SERVICING & PRELIMINARY
STORMWATER MANAGEMENT REPORT**

6939 KING STREET

**TOWN OF CALEDON
REGION OF PEEL**

PREPARED FOR:

**SWAMINARAYAN MANDIR VASNA SANSTHA
(SMVS)**

PREPARED BY:

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JUNE 2022

CFCA FILE NO. 1990-5787

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Revision Number	Date	Comments
Rev.0	December 2020	Issued for First Submission
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1.0 Introduction

C.F. Crozier & Associates Inc. (Crozier) was retained by Swaminarayan Mandir Vasna Sanstha (SMVS) c/o Weston Consulting to prepare a Functional Servicing and Preliminary Stormwater Management Report to support the Official Plan Amendment (OPA) and Zoning By-Law Amendment (ZBA) for the proposed place of worship development located at 6939 King Street, in the Town of Caledon (the Site).

This report will demonstrate that the proposed site can be developed in accordance with the Town of Caledon and Region of Peel guidelines from a functional servicing and preliminary stormwater management perspective.

The reports and design standards referenced during the preparation of this report include:

- Ontario Building Code (2012)
- The Town of Caledon Development Standards Manual (2019)
- Toronto and Region Conservation Authorities (TRCA) Stormwater Management Criteria Version 1.0 (August 2012)

2.0 Site Description

The subject property covers approximately 6.06 ha and currently contains a single-family dwelling located on the north-west corner of the Site with the remaining land comprised of an agricultural field. The Site is in a rural residential and agricultural neighbourhood and is bounded by King Street to the north, Centreville Creek Road to the east, agricultural lands to the south, and a residential lot to the west.

The southwest corner of the Site is located within an area regulated by the Toronto and Region Conservation Area (TRCA).

The elements envisioned for this development include demolishing the existing dwelling to construct a place of worship, complete with worship areas, dining hall, gym/activity hall as well as several offices and kitchens. The proposed building will be accompanied with an above ground parking lot with a landscaped area in the front. The proposed building will be privately serviced with an onsite sewage system, well and stormwater management feature.

The pertinent background information for the Site has been reviewed, including:

- Site Plan (Battaglia Architect Inc, May 6, 2022)
- Topographic Survey (P & C Surveying Inc, December 6, 2019)
- Geotechnical Investigation [Terraprobe Inc., (Terraprobe) December 21, 2021]
- Hydrogeological Assessment Report (Terraprobe, June 9, 2022)
- Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) Well Record (December 11, 1985)

3.0 Sanitary Servicing

3.1 Existing Sanitary Servicing

The subject property is in a rural area and does not have municipal sanitary services available. Currently, the Region of Peel does not have plans to provide sanitary servicing in this area.

The existing dwelling on the Site is assumed to be serviced by an on-site sewage system. The house is to be demolished and the existing sewage system is to be decommissioned by a licenced contractor.

3.2 Soil Conditions

Terraprobe was retained by the Client to complete a geotechnical investigation & hydrogeological assessment for the proposed development at 6939 King Street. The Geotechnical Investigation Report was utilized to establish a percolation rate for the onsite sewage system design. Seventeen (17) boreholes were advanced across the property as part of the geotechnical investigation. The borehole log relevant to this design (Borehole BH104) along with a borehole location plan can be found in Appendix A to this report. The soil encountered in the vicinity of the proposed leaching bed (BH104) consisted of a 1.20 m thick layer of surficial fill overlying an extensive deposit of silt and clay, that extended beyond the termination depth of 6.6 meters below ground surface (mbgs). Groundwater was observed at an elevation of 5.69 mbgs at BH104 (December 13, 2021).

As presented in Appendix A of the Geotechnical Investigation Report, the percolation time of the predominant native silt and clay deposit encountered by Terraprobe throughout the property and in the vicinity of proposed leaching bed is generally classified as 'ML-CL' under the Unified Soil Classification System (USCS) with a percolation rate of $T = 20$ to 50 min/cm. Terraprobe completed T-time testing on one (1) soil sample collected from 0.76 mbgs at BH104, and estimated that the percolation rate of the soil sample was $T = 45$ min/cm. A conservative percolation rate of $T = 50$ min/cm was selected for the purposes of this assessment.

3.3 Design Sewage Flow

The total daily design sanitary sewage flow for the subject property was calculated in accordance with Part 8 of the Ontario Building Code (OBC). A review of the architectural plans indicate that the proposed building will have multiple uses, resulting in different occupancy rates used when determining the peak sewage flow. Table 1 summarizes the expected maximum day sewage flow for the proposed building based on assumed occupancies. Detailed calculations are provided in Appendix A.

Table 1: Peak Sewage Design Flow

Use	Design Parameter	Design Flow per OBC	Peak Flow(L/day)
Place of Worship	970 seats	8 L/day per seat; with kitchen facilities	7,760
Office Area	85 m ² of floor area	75 L/day per 9.3 m ³ of floor area	683
Cafeteria	168 seats	12 L/day per meal; assume 2 meals per seat	8,064
Activity Hall with Kitchen	300 seats	36 L/day per seat	10,800
Mandir (Activity Hall)	100 seats	8 L/day per seat; no kitchen facilities	800
Total			28,107

The total maximum day sewage flow for the proposed building is estimated at 28,107 L/day. A conservative flow of 30,000 L/day will be used for design purposes. Note as this flow exceeds 10,000 L/day the property is subject to the Ontario Water Resources Act and will require an Environmental Compliance Approval (ECA) issued by the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP).

3.4 Proposed Sanitary Servicing

Municipal sanitary sewage services are not available at the subject property. Therefore, the building will be serviced with a privately owned onsite sewage treatment system with subsurface disposal. The proposed treatment system includes a grease interceptor for kitchen wastewater, anaerobic digester tanks, a Waterloo Biofilter treatment unit, a Water NOx-LS treatment unit, and a polishing basket biofilter tank with discharge to a Type A dispersal bed. Refer to Appendix B for a preliminary schematic of the proposed treatment system.

Terraprobe completed a groundwater impact assessment for the proposed sewage system in accordance with Chapter 22 of the MECP Sewage Works Design Manual 2008, as presented in Terraprobe's Hydrogeological Assessment Report. According to the impact assessment, a nitrate-nitrogen concentration of 3.26 mg/L for the proposed Type A dispersal bed is required to meet a concentration of 2.5 mg/L at the property boundary, consistent with "reasonable use" per the MECP. The proposed treatment system from Waterloo Biofilter has been designed to meet an effluent nitrate-nitrogen concentration of 3.26 mg/L.

The treated effluent will be discharged to a Type A dispersal bed with a 600 m² area of clear stone overlying a 3,750 m² area of imported sand. The proposed leaching bed is located on the southeast corner of the property, oriented parallel to groundwater flow to maximize the attenuation zone. The detailed onsite sewage system calculations are presented in Appendix C. The Site Servicing Plan (DWG C102) and the Site Grading Plan (DWG C103) illustrate the location of the proposed onsite system to service the development. The internal sanitary plumbing within the building will be designed by the mechanical engineer in accordance with the OBC.

The proposed sewage system described in this report and on the accompanying drawings is a functional level design. As noted above an ECA will be required from the MECP. Therefore, the detailed design of the sewage system will be completed in the future to apply for the ECA.

4.0 Water Servicing

4.1 Existing Water Servicing

There is no watermain infrastructure available to service the Site. An on-site well located in the front yard of the existing dwelling is currently being used to service the Site.

4.2 Design Water Demand

The water demand for the proposed development was calculated, referencing the maximum daily sewage flows as noted above and the appropriate Region of Peel peaking factors. Table 2 summarizes the anticipated water demand and Appendix D contains the detailed water demand calculations.

Table 2: Estimated Design Water Demand

Average Day Demand (L/min)	Maximum Day Demand (L/min)	Peak Hour Demand (L/min)
29.76 L/min	41.67	89.29 L/min

The design daily sewage flow for the proposed building is 30,000 L/day and using peaking factors of 1.4 and 3.0 for the maximum day and peak hour, respectively were used. The maximum day and peak hour demand of the proposed building is calculated to be 41.67 L/min and 89.29 L/min respectively.

4.3 Fire Flow Demand

The Office of the Fire Marshal Fire Protection Water Supply Guideline for Part 3 in the Ontario Building Code was used to calculate the fire flow. In consultation with the architect, it is understood that the proposed building is classified as a Group A, Division 3 with combustible construction. Referencing the OBC, the spatial coefficients and approximation of the building volumes in cubic meters, it was determined that a storage volume of 314,175 L is required for fire flow services. Table 3 summarizes the estimated fire flow demand and duration to meet fire protection for the proposed building. Appendix C contains the fire flow demand calculations.

Table 3: Estimated Fire Flow

Method	Fire Flow Volume	Fire Flow Demand	Duration
(Part 3 of the OBC)	314,175 L	150 L/s	2.00 hr

Please note that the fire flow value is a conservative estimate for comparison purposes only. The architect and mechanical engineer will confirm the fire requirements at the detailed design stage.

4.4 Proposed Water Servicing

It is recommended that the Site be serviced by a new drilled well. The well must be constructed in accordance with Ontario Regulation (O. Reg.)903 and have a watertight casing to a minimum depth of 6.0 m and located a minimum distance of 15 m to any of the sewage system components. The proposed supply well will need to be tested to determine if it can meet the anticipated water demand for the Site. If the proposed well cannot meet the anticipated water demand, then a domestic drinking water cistern will be required to provide sufficient water during peak times. The sizing and design of the water cistern will take place at the detailed design stage. A preliminary location of the proposed well is shown on the Preliminary Servicing Plan (DWG C102). After the new well has been constructed, the existing well should be decommissioned by a licenced well contractor.

Water quality samples will also need to be collected from the proposed supply well to determine if water treatment is required. Water quality samples collected from the proposed supply well will be compared to the Ontario Drinking Water Standards (ODWS) and appropriate treatment technologies, e.g., filtration, UV treatment will be proposed should exceedances of the ODWS be identified. Details of the water treatment system, if needed, will be provided at the detailed design stage.

Fire protection cisterns are proposed to provide the fire protection volume calculated for the property. Three fire protection cisterns will be required to meet the required volume and they will be connected in series. A dry hydrant will be located on the fire route of the building to provide coverage for the proposed building. The fire protection cisterns and the dry hydrant are in front of the proposed building on the east side. Refer to the Preliminary Site Servicing Plan for details.

5.0 Drainage Conditions

5.1 Existing Drainage

Most of the Site is comprised of agricultural field with the exception of the northwest quadrant that comprises of a dwelling and driveway that are to be removed. A review of topographic survey indicates that surface runoff on the property drains via sheet flow to the southwest corner of the Site and outlets into a tributary of the Humber River.

For the purpose of analyzing the runoff from the Site it is assumed that the Site currently consists of Two (2) catchments (Catchment C101 and C102). C101 comprises of the north portion of the Site and drains to Catchment C102 which ultimately leads to the tributary at the southwest corner of the property. Please refer to Figure 1 enclosed with this report illustrating the pre-development drainage patterns.

5.2 Proposed Drainage

The proposed development consists of a place of worship accompanied with a parking lot, drive aisles, and landscaped area.

The proposed development will be situated in the north half of the property leaving the southern portion pervious. Stormwater runoff generated from the building and surrounding impervious area is to be collected by a series of catch basins into the on-site storm sewer network and directed to a SWM Facility at the southwest corner of the property. The SWM facility ultimately outlets to a tributary of the Humber River at the southwest corner of the Site. This tributary is regulated by the TRCA.

The Preliminary Site Servicing and Site Grading Plans illustrate the proposed drainage patterns of the Site, the location and design of the storm sewer, SWM Facility, and all connections.

In the Post Development scenario, catchments C201 to C218 will comprise of the proposed development while Catchment UC1 will remain as undeveloped, and catchment UC2 will drain to the municipal R.O.W. Please refer to Figure 2 which illustrates the post-development impervious areas and drainage patterns for the Site. The composite runoff coefficient was calculated by using a runoff coefficient of 0.25 for pervious areas and 0.90 for impervious areas. Table 4 provides a comparison of the pre- and post-development land use areas and composite runoff coefficients.

Table 4: Land Area Comparison

Conditions	Catchment ID (Ha)	Total Area (Ha)	Impervious Area (Ha)	Runoff Coefficient
Pre-Development	C101	3.09	0.00	0.25
	C102	2.97	0.00	0.25
Post-Development	C201-C218	2.78	2.39	0.81
	UC1	3.13	0.00	0.25
	UC2	0.15	0.00	0.25

Under the proposed development plan, the existing major and minor drainage patterns will be generally preserved, and the Site will continue to drain in a general north to south and east to west direction towards the Humber River tributary, as shown on the Site Grading Plan (Drawing C103). Refer to Figures 1 and 2 which highlight the pre- and post-development drainage catchments.

6.0 Stormwater Management

Stormwater management design criteria must comply with the policies and standards of:

- Town of Caledon
- Toronto and Region Conservation Authority (TRCA)
- Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP)

A summary of the stormwater management criteria controls is as follows:

- Quantity Control

The Site is located within the watershed for the Humber River and outlets to a tributary to the Humber River. Therefore, the stormwater flow control is dictated by the Humber River Unit Flow Rates as defined within the TRCA Stormwater Management criteria.

- Quality Control

Enhanced Level 80% TSS removal.

- Water Balance

Retain the first 5 mm of runoff from the Site.

- Erosion Mitigation

Retain the first 5mm of infiltration from the site.

6.1 Stormwater Quantity Control

The Site is located within the Humber River Watershed Sub-basin 36 and is required to control peak flows to the TRCA unit flow rates as summarized in Table 5 below.

Table 5: Humber River Watershed Unit Flow for Equation F Sub-Basin 36

Storm	Unit Flow Equation Q = Unit Flow (L/s/ha) A = Area (ha)	Area (ha)	Target Release Rate (L/s)
2-year	$Q = 9.506 - 0.719 \times \ln(A)$	2.78	25
5-year	$Q = 14.652 - 1.136 \times \ln(A)$		37
10-year	$Q = 17.957 - 1.373 \times \ln(A)$		45
25-year	$Q = 22.639 - 1.741 \times \ln(A)$		57
50-year	$Q = 26.566 - 2.082 \times \ln(A)$		67
100-year	$Q = 29.912 - 2.316 \times \ln(A)$		76

Using the Town of Caledon's intensity-duration-frequency (IDF) data, the Rational Method was used to determine the pre-development and post-development uncontrolled peak flow rates for site stormwater runoff. The IDF parameters and associated intensities are included within Appendix D.

Since the post-development uncontrolled peak runoff rates exceed the Humber River Sub-basin 36 target flows, quantity controls are required on site.

The proposed stormwater quantity controls consist of a SWM Facility with a controlled outlet, located at the southwest corner of the Site. Stormwater runoff will enter the SWM Facility via an enhanced grassed swale and flows from the SWM facility will be restricted by two orifice controls to meet the target flows. Based on preliminary sizing calculations, two 125 mm in diameter orifice controls are proposed to be installed at two different elevations, to provide control for smaller and larger storm events, respectively. Modified Rational Method calculations were prepared and determined the maximum required storage volumes to be 1,628 m³ during the 100-year storm event. Preliminary grading for the SWM facility provides a total 3,119 m³ storage volume at a maximum 1.50 m depth. A summary of site flows and required storage volumes has been provided in Table 6 below. Refer to Appendix D for preliminary stormwater calculations. The Preliminary Servicing and Grading Plan illustrates the location of the SWM Facility and enhanced swale.

Table 6: Pre- and Post-Development Flow Rates and Required Storage Volumes

Storm	Target Flow Rate (L/s)	Pre-Development Uncontrolled Flow Rate (L/s)	Post-Development Uncontrolled Flow Rate (L/s)	Post-Development Controlled Flow Rate (L/s)	Storage Volume Required (m ³)	Storage Volume Provided (m ³)
2-year	25	167	540	24.0	605	3,119
5-year	38	213	691	30.4	899	
10-year	46	261	845	34.5	1,079	
25-year	58	304	985	49.5	1,285	
50-year	68	343	1,109	56.5	1,446	
100-year	77	382	1,237	62.5	1,628	

6.2 Stormwater Quality Control

Stormwater quality control for the Site will be provided by a treatment train which includes:

- An OGS at the site outlet as pre-treatment for runoff from the site.
- An enhanced grassed swale with an underlying sand filter or bioswale.

The enhanced swale is approximately 125 m long, with a 1.0 m bottom width and will provide the quality treatment prior to entering the SWM Facility. The sand filter details will be determined at detailed design stage.

6.3 Water Balance

As the site has both high groundwater and low permeability soils it may be challenging to mitigate the decrease in infiltration shown in the water balance calculations. The proposed bioswale will be used to reduce runoff volumes for the site. It is recommended that options for additional LIDs be explored further during detailed design.

6.4 Erosion Mitigation

Based on the 2.48 ha impervious development area, a 125 m³ volume is required to meet the water minimum erosion mitigation criteria (2.48 ha x 0.005 m = 125 m³). A storage volume of 142 m³ will be provided below the pond in a 0.15 m layer of clear stone which will infiltrate. This storage volume must be retained on-site to comply with the criteria of retaining the first 5 mm of runoff on site. As the site has both high groundwater and low permeability soils it is unlikely that this criterion will be achievable through infiltration practices. As such a bioswale is proposed downstream of the site, with vegetation specifically selected to utilize the first 5 mm of runoff from the site.

6.5 Site outlet

To provide flow dispersion and final polishing to runoff from the site prior to leaving the site the pond outlet will incorporate of a small wetland feature. This feature will include a small area of pooled water, stone reinforcing integrated into the soil and wetland plantings selected to withstand the fluctuations in runoff from the site.

7.0 Erosion and Sediment Controls During Construction

Erosion and sediment controls will be installed prior to the beginning of any construction activities. They will be maintained until the Site is stabilized or as directed by the site engineer and/or Town of Caledon. The Erosion & Sediment Control locations and details will be provided at detailed design stage. However, a preliminary Erosion and Sediment Control plan has been attached which illustrates erosion and sediment control measures that will be installed prior to construction.

Heavy Duty Silt Fencing

Heavy Duty Silt fencing will be installed on the perimeter of the Site and along the 10.0 m wetland buffer to intercept sheet flow. The silt fence aims to mitigate erosion and will deter any grading works to be completed outside of the fencing limit. Additional silt fence may be added based on field decisions by the site engineer and Owner, prior to, during and following construction.

Rock Mud Mat

A rock mud mat will be installed at the entrance along Centreville Creek Road to the construction zone to prevent mud tracking from the Site onto surrounding lands and the perimeter roadway network. All construction traffic will be restricted to this access only.

8.0 Conclusions and Recommendations

Based on the information offered in this report, we offer the following conclusions:

- The Site will be serviced with a proposed septic system including a treatment system and dispersal bed. The septic system design flow is 30,000 L/day and will require an ECA from the MECP.
- The Site will be serviced with a new drilled well to provide the domestic water supply. The new drilled well will need to be tested by a hydrogeologist to confirm the pumping rate. A domestic water supply cistern can be designed in the event that the well cannot provide the anticipated water demands. Water treatment equipment, if required, will be provided at the detailed design stage.

- The Site will be serviced with fire water cisterns to provide fire protection per the OBC Part 3.
- Stormwater quantity control objectives will be achieved by a landscaped SWM facility that will outlet to the Humber River tributary located at the southwest corner of the Site.
- Stormwater quality control objectives will be achieved via an enhanced grass swale with an underlying sand filter on the Site.
- Water balance is provided with a layer of clear stone below the pond to provide the 5 mm water balance requirement.

Based on the above conclusions, we recommend the approval of the Official Plan Amendment and Zoning By-Law Amendment from the perspective of functional servicing and preliminary stormwater management.

Respectfully submitted,

C.F. CROZIER & ASSOCIATES INC.



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TT/stm:cj

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APPENDIX A

Sewage System Calculations



ONSITE SEWAGE SYSTEM NON-RESIDENTIAL CALCULATION SHEET

Project Name: 6939 KING STREET	Date: 2020-12-04
Project Number: 1990-5787	Designed By: AS/MC
	Checked By: KR

PRELIMINARY FLOW ESTIMATES							References/Notes
Description	Area (ft ²)	Area (m ²)	Unit	Unit Flow	Number of Units	Total Flow (L/day)	
Proposed Place of Worship							
Sabha Hall	6160	572	per seat	8	970	7,760	Assumed 970 seats per the architectural plans. Office per floor area, or per employee. Employees unknown. Assumed 2 meals per day and based on number of seats Assumed 300 seats with assembly hall use.
Offices	912	85	per 9.3 m2	75	9	683	
Cafeteria	3795	353	per meal	12	336	8,064	
Activity Hall with kitchen facility	5940	552	per seat	36	300	10,800	
Mandir	559	52	per seat	8	100	800	
SUBTOTAL AREA						28,107	
Total Maximum Day Sewage Flow:						28,107	
Design Sewage Flow:						30,000	
Pre-Treatment Options							
Required septic tank size =	90000		L minimum				
Propose Level IV Treatment (Y/N):	Y						
Native Percolation time, T =	50		min/cm				
Imported Percolation time =	10		min/cm				
Type A Dispersal Bed							
Stone area required =	600	m ²					
Sand area required =	3750	m ²		0.375 ha			



Terraprobe

**Consulting Geotechnical & Environmental Engineering
Construction Materials Inspection & Testing**

**GEOTECHNICAL INVESTIGATION
PROPOSED SMVS TEMPLE
6939 KING STREET
CALEDON, ONTARIO**

Prepared for: Swaminarayan Mandir Vasna Sanstha Canada (SMVS)
114 Toryork Drive
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Attention: Mr. Rasik Patel

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File No. 1-20-0222-01

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Project No. : 1-20-0222-01

Client : Swaminarayan Mandir Vasna Sansthan Canada

Originated by : Saif

Date started : July 14, 2020

Project : 6939 King Street

Compiled by : CM

Sheet No. : 1 of 1

Location : Caledon, Ontario

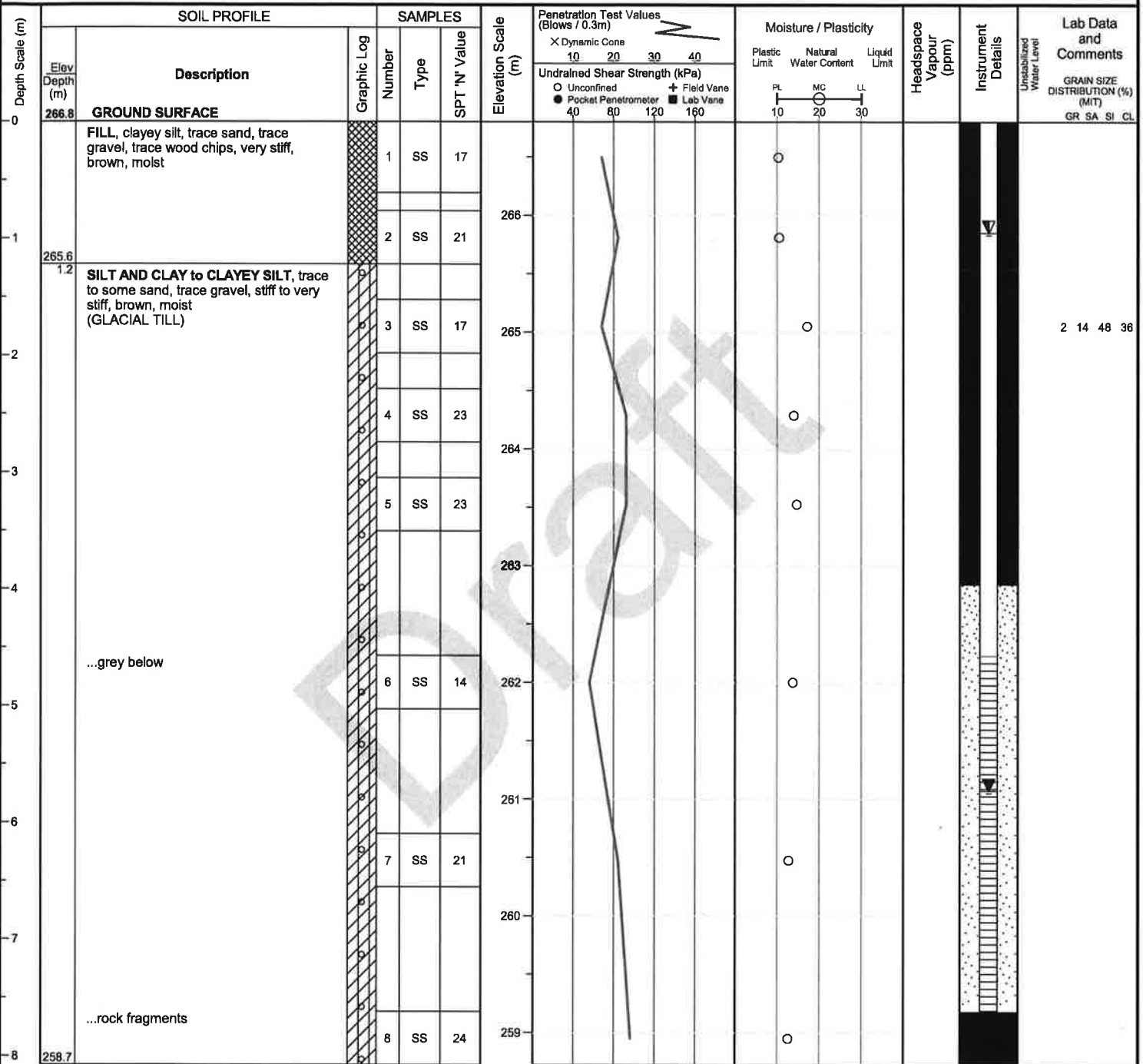
Checked by : SZ

Position : E: 597212, N: 4855726 (UTM 17T)

Elevation Datum : Geodetic

Rig type : Deidric 60, track-mounted

Drilling Method : Solid stem augers



END OF BOREHOLE

Borehole was dry and caved to 5.8 m below ground surface upon completion of drilling.

50 mm dia. monitoring well installed.

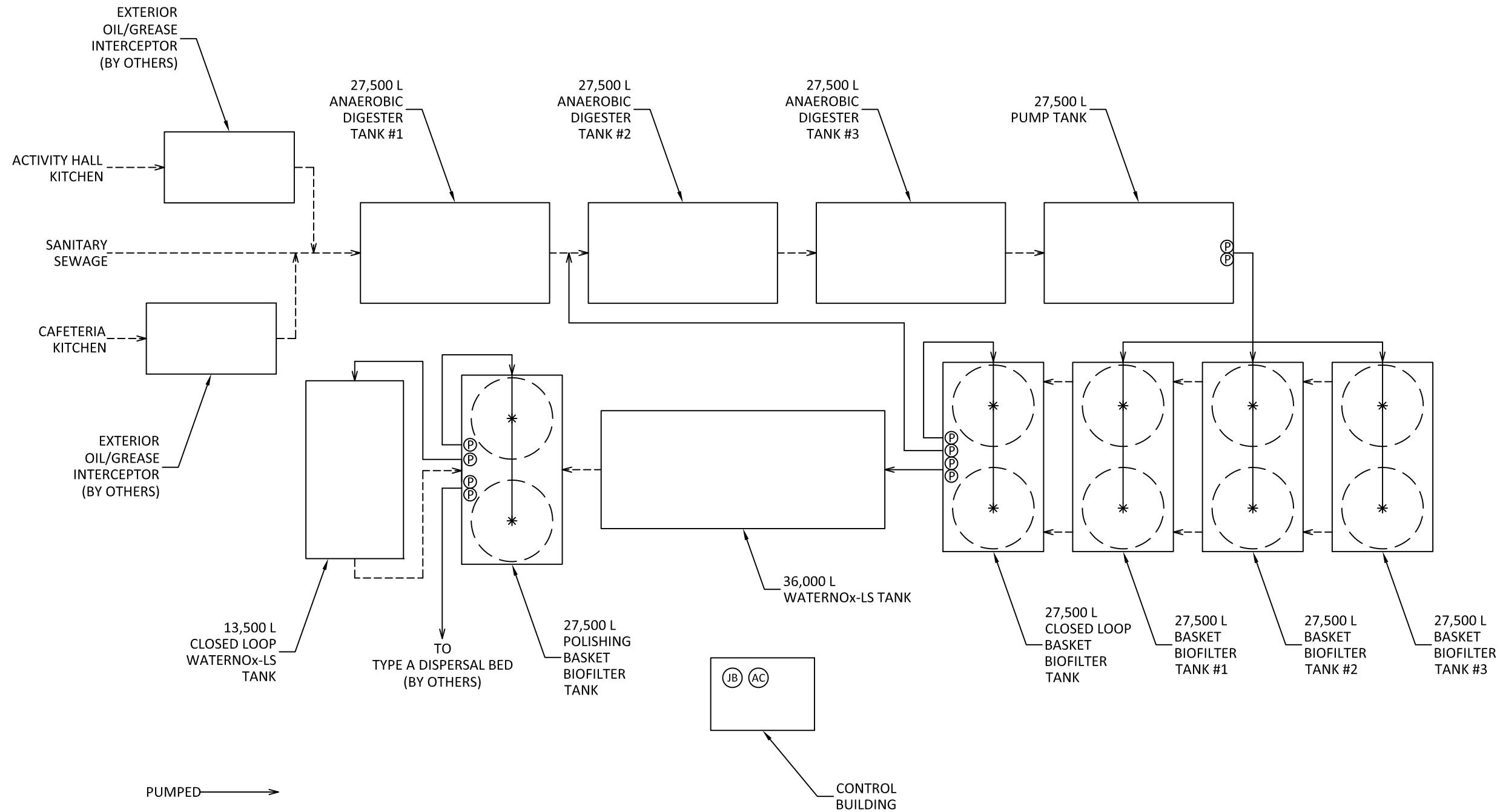
WATER LEVEL READINGS

Date	Water Depth (m)	Elevation (m)
Oct 5, 2020	1.0	265.9
Oct 13, 2020	5.7	261.1

APPENDIX B

Preliminary Schematic for Onsite Sewage Treatment System

PRELIMINARY SCHEMATIC ONLY



- NOTES:**
- THIS IS A PRELIMINARY SCHEMATIC FOR A WATERLOO BIOFILTER SEWAGE TREATMENT SYSTEM. THIS IS FOR PLANNING PURPOSES ONLY AND IS NOT AN ENGINEERED DESIGN.
 - THE PEAK DESIGN SANITARY SEWAGE FLOW FOR THIS PLACE OF WORSHIP IS 30,000 L/day. PEAK FLOWS ARE EXPECTED TO OCCUR INFREQUENTLY WITH AVERAGE FLOWS BEING AROUND HALF OF THE PEAK.
 - THE SANITARY SEWAGE IS ESTIMATED TO HAVE THE FOLLOWING CONCENTRATIONS:
 BOD = 300 mg/L
 TSS = 300 mg/L
 TKN = 80 mg/L
 SEWAGE CONCENTRATIONS TO BE CONFIRMED BY DESIGNER.

- WASTEWATER FROM THE FACILITY'S KITCHENS FLOW BY GRAVITY TO AN EXTERIOR OIL/GREASE INTERCEPTOR(S) (BY OTHERS). THE INTERCEPTOR IS TO BE VENTED AS PER MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.
- EFFLUENT FROM THE EXTERIOR OIL/GREASE INTERCEPTOR(S) AND SANITARY SEWAGE FROM THE REST OF THE FACILITY FLOW BY GRAVITY INTO THE FIRST OF THREE (3) 27,500 L ANAEROBIC DIGESTER TANKS ARRANGED IN SERIES. THE INLET OF EACH TANK IS EQUIPPED WITH AN INNERTUBE. THE OUTLET OF TANK #1 IS EQUIPPED WITH AN EFFLUENT FILTER. THE OUTLET OF TANK #2 IS EQUIPPED WITH A BAFFLE. THE OUTLET OF TANK #3 IS EQUIPPED WITH TWO (2) EFFLUENT FILTERS.
- EFFLUENT FROM ANAEROBIC DIGESTER TANK #3 FLOWS BY GRAVITY INTO A 27,500 L PUMP TANK. THE PUMP TANK IS EQUIPPED WITH TWO (2) SUBMERSIBLE EFFLUENT PUMPS (P) OPERATING ON AN ALTERNATING TIMER.
- THE PUMPS IN THE PUMP TANK DOSE THE EFFLUENT TO THREE (3) 27,500 L BASKET BIOFILTER TANKS, EACH HOUSING TWO (2) BASKETS EACH FILLED WITH 10.8 m³ OF BIOFILTER MEDIUM. THE PUMP TANK EFFLUENT IS EVENLY DISTRIBUTED OVER THE SURFACE OF THE MEDIUM AND TREATED AS IT TRICKLES THROUGH THE INTERIOR OF THE MEDIUM. SMALL, LOW VOLTAGE AIR FANS AND PASSIVELY VENTED LIDS PROMOTE AEROBIC CONDITIONS. THE TANKS ARE CONNECTED BY BOTTOM DRAINS WITH THE EFFLUENT COLLECTING ON THE FLOOR OF THE TANKS.
- BASKET BIOFILTER TANK #1 IS CONNECTED BY BOTTOM DRAINS WITH A 27,500 L CLOSED LOOP BASKET BIOFILTER TANK. THE CLOSED LOOP BASKET BIOFILTER TANK IS EQUIPPED WITH TWO (2) SUBMERSIBLE EFFLUENT PUMPS (P) OPERATING ON SEPARATE TIMERS AND TWO (2) SUBMERSIBLE EFFLUENT PUMPS (P) OPERATING ON AN ALTERNATING TIMER.
- THE FIRST SIMPLEX PUMP IN THE CLOSED LOOP BASKET BIOFILTER TANK PUMPS A MAXIMUM OF 15,000 L/day TO TWO (2) BASKETS EACH FILLED WITH 10.8 m³ OF BIOFILTER MEDIUM LOCATED WITHIN THE CLOSED LOOP BASKET BIOFILTER TANK. THE EFFLUENT IS EVENLY DISTRIBUTED OVER THE SURFACE OF THE MEDIUM AND TREATED AS IT TRICKLES THROUGH THE INTERIOR OF THE MEDIUM. A SMALL LOW VOLTAGE AIR FAN AND PASSIVELY VENTED LIDS PROMOTE AEROBIC CONDITIONS. THE EFFLUENT COLLECTS ON THE FLOOR OF THE TANK AND MIXES WITH THE EFFLUENT FROM THE THREE (3) BASKET BIOFILTER TANKS.
- THE SECOND SIMPLEX PUMP IN THE CLOSED LOOP BASKET BIOFILTER TANK RECIRCULATES A PORTION OF THE EFFLUENT TO THE INLET OF ANAEROBIC DIGESTER TANK #2.
- THE DUPLEX PUMPS IN THE CLOSED LOOP BASKET BIOFILTER TANK PUMP THE EFFLUENT TO A 36,000 L WATERNO_x-LS TANK FILLED WITH DENITRIFYING MEDIUM.
- THE WATERNO_x-LS TANK EFFLUENT FLOWS BY GRAVITY INTO A 27,500 L POLISHING BASKET BIOFILTER TANK. THE POLISHING BASKET BIOFILTER TANK IS EQUIPPED WITH TWO (2) SUBMERSIBLE EFFLUENT PUMPS (P) OPERATING ON SEPARATE SEPARATE TIMERS AND TWO (2) SUBMERSIBLE EFFLUENT PUMPS OPERATING ON ALTERNATING DEMAND.
- THE FIRST SIMPLEX PUMP IN THE POLISHING BASKET BIOFILTER TANK DOSES A MAXIMUM OF 15,000 L/DAY TO A 13,500 L CLOSED LOOP WATERNO_x-LS TANK FILLED WITH DENITRIFYING MEDIUM. THE EFFLUENT FROM THE CLOSED LOOP WATERNO_x-LS TANK FLOWS BY GRAVITY BACK INTO THE POLISHING BASKET BIOFILTER TANK.
- THE SECOND SIMPLEX PUMP IN THE POLISHING BASKET BIOFILTER TANK DOSES A MAXIMUM OF 15,000 L/day TO TWO (2) BASKETS EACH FILLED WITH 10.8 m³ OF BIOFILTER MEDIUM ALSO LOCATED WITHIN THE POLISHING BASKET BIOFILTER TANK. THE EFFLUENT IS EVENLY DISTRIBUTED OVER THE SURFACE OF THE MEDIUM AND TREATED AS IT TRICKLES THROUGH THE INTERIOR OF THE MEDIUM. A SMALL, LOW VOLTAGE AIR FAN AND PASSIVELY VENTED LIDS PROMOTE AEROBIC CONDITIONS. THE EFFLUENT COLLECTS ON THE FLOOR OF THE TANK.
- THE DUPLEX PUMPS IN THE POLISHING BASKET BIOFILTER TANK PUMP THE FINAL EFFLUENT TO A TYPE A DISPERSAL BED (BY OTHERS).
- A CONTROL BUILDING HOUSES TWO (2) METERING PUMPS. THE FIRST METERING PUMP DOSES AN ALKALINITY CHEMICAL (AC) TO THE INLET OF ANAEROBIC DIGESTER TANK #3. THE SECOND METERING PUMP DOSES JUMPSTART BACTERIA (JB) TO THE INLET OF THE PUMP TANK. DOSING LINES ARE NOT SHOWN ON THE SCHEMATIC.
- ALL PUMPS ARE RUN BY A WATERLOO SMART PANEL(S). THE WATERLOO SMART PANEL PROVIDES REMOTE MONITORING, CONTROL, AND DATA LOGGING OVER A STABLE WIRELESS CELLULAR NETWORK. THIS FUNCTIONALITY ALLOWS FOR REAL TIME OPERATIONAL ADJUSTMENTS TO OPTIMIZE SYSTEM PERFORMANCE. THE WATERLOO SMART PANEL ALSO IMMEDIATELY NOTIFIES THE SERVICE PROVIDER OF A PUMP FAILURE OR HIGH LEVEL ALARM, PROVIDING THEM WITH VITAL INFORMATION TO LIMIT SITE VISITS WHILE KEEPING THE SYSTEM OPERATING PROPERLY.
- ADHERENCE TO BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES (PROVIDING THE APPROPRIATE STRENGTH SEWAGE, PERFORMING ROUTINE MAINTENANCE, LIMITING TOXINS ENTERING THE SYSTEM, ETC.) IS NECESSARY FOR OPTIMAL PERFORMANCE OF THE WATERLOO BIOFILTER TREATMENT SYSTEM OUTLINED IN THIS SCHEMATIC, WHICH IS DESIGNED FOR THE FOLLOWING EFFLUENT OBJECTIVES (LIMITS):
 cBOD = 10 mg/L (20 mg/L)
 TSS = 10 mg/L (20 mg/L)
 NITRATE-NITROGEN = 3 mg/L (limit)
 pH = 6.5 - 8.5



65 MASSEY ROAD SUITE C, GUELPH ON N1H 7M6
 TEL: 519-856-0757 FAX: 519-856-0759
 EMAIL: INFO@WATERLOO-BIOFILTER.COM

TITLE: PROCESS SCHEMATIC
 PROJECT: PLACE OF WORSHIP, 6939 KING STREET - CALEDON
 FOR: CROZIER CONSULTING ENGINEERS

PROJECT NUMBER: ON-C-2022-0090	PEAK SEWAGE FLOW: 30,000 L/day	CONFIGURATION: BASKETS w/ LS	DATE: MAY 18, 2022
DRAWN BY: K. WETHERALL	PERCOLATION RATE: N/A	DISCHARGE: TYPE A DISPERSAL BED	1 OF 1

APPENDIX C

Water Demand Calculations



Project: 6939 King Street
Project No.: 1990-5787

Created By: AS
Checked By: MAC

Date: 2020-11-26
Updated: 2020-11-26

Domestic Water Demand - Ontario Building Code

			Notes & References
Peak Sewage Flow	30,000	L/day	Ontario Building Code - Table
Avg. Daily Demand =	21429	L/day	Using peaking factor
	29.762	L/min	Over a 12 hour period
Peaking Factors			
Max Day =	1.40		Peel Region Public Works
Peak Hour =	3.00		Watermain Design Criteria
Average Day =	29.76	L/min	Max Day = (Average Day
Max Day =	41.67	L/min	Demand) * (Max Day Factor)
Peak Hour =	89.29	L/min	Peak Hour = (Average Day
			Demand) * (Peak Hour Factor)

Criteria	Average Daily Water Demand (L/min)	Max Day Demand (L/min)	Peak Hourly Demand (L/min)
OBC Sewage & Peel Region	29.76	41.67	89.29

SMVS - Proposed 1 Storey Place of Worship
Fire Protection Volume Calculation
CFC File: 1990-5787

2019-02-20

Page 1

Fire Protection Water Supply Guideline
Part 3 of the Ontario Building Code (2006)

$$Q = KVS_{TOT}$$

Q = minimum supply of water in litres (L)

K = water supply coefficient

V = total building volume in cubic metres

S_{TOT} = total of spatial coefficient values from property line exposures on all sides

K = 25.0 Group A, Division 3 building with combustible construction conforming to OBC 3.2.2 (Table 1) [confirmed by architect]

V = 12567 Volume per total floor area and average height of 4m

S_{TOT} = 1 S_{TOT} As calculated

Q = 314175 L OR 314.175 m³

Based on ranges listed in Table 2, the required minimum water supply flow rate is **9000 L/min**

150 L/s

APPENDIX D

Stormwater Management Calculations

Modified Rational Calculations - Input Parameters

 Storm Data: Caledon

 Time of Concentration: $T_c = 10$ min (per city of Town of Caledon standards)

Return Period	A	B	C	I (mm/hr)
2 yr	1070	7.85	0.8759	85.72
5 yr	1593	11.00	0.8789	109.68
10 yr	2221	12.00	0.9080	134.16
25 yr	3158	15.00	0.9335	156.47
50 yr	3886	16.00	0.9495	176.19
100 yr	4688	17.00	0.9624	196.54

Pre - Development Conditions					
Catchment	Land Use	Area (ha)	Area (m ²)	C	Weighted Average C
101	Pervious	3.09	30,900	0.25	0.13
	Impervious	0.00	0	0.9	0.00
102	Pervious	2.97	29,724	0.25	0.12
	Impervious	0.00	0	0.9	0.00
Total Site		6.06	60,624	-	0.25

Post - Development Conditions (Controlled)					
Catchment	Land Use	Area (ha)	Area (m ²)	C	Weighted Average C
Controlled					
201-218	Pervious	0.39	3,900	0.25	0.04
	Impervious	2.39	23,900	0.90	0.77
Total Controlled		2.78	27,800	-	0.81
Uncontrolled					
UC1	Pervious	3.13	31,300	0.25	0.24
	Impervious	0.00	-	0.9	0.00
UC2	Pervious	0.15	1,500	0.25	0.01
	Impervious	0.00	-	0.9	0.00
Total Uncontrolled		3.28	32,800	-	0.25
Total Site		6.06	60,600	-	0.51

Equations:

$$Q_{\text{post}} = 0.0028 \cdot C_{\text{post}} \cdot i(T_d) \cdot A$$

Peak Flow

$$i(T_d) = A / (T + B)^C$$

Intensity

Modified Rational Calculations - Peak Flows Summary

Humber River Unit Flow Rates (TRCA 2012)					
Return Period	Site Area (Ha)	A	B	Unit Flow Rate (L/s/ha)	Target Peak Flow (L/s)
2	2.78	9.506	-0.719	8.7	24
5		14.652	-1.136	13.3	37
10		17.957	-1.373	16.4	45
25		22.639	-1.741	20.6	57
50		26.566	-2.082	24.1	67
100		29.912	-2.316	27.2	76

Pre/Post-Development Uncontrolled Peak Flows (L/s)		
Return Period	Q _{pre}	Q _{post}
2 yr	167	540
5 yr	213	691
10 yr	261	845
25 yr	304	985
50 yr	343	1,109
100 yr	382	1,237

*Note Target based on Unit Flow Rates for Humber River Sub-Basin 36, Equation F (TRCA Stormwater Management Criteria August 2012 Version 1.0)

Equations:

Peak Flow

$$Q_{\text{post}} = 0.0028 \cdot C_{\text{post}} \cdot i(T_d) \cdot A$$

Quantity Control Release Rates

$$Q_{\text{target}} = [A + B \times \ln(\text{Area})](\text{Area})$$

Modified Rational Calculations - Summary

Storm Event (yr)	Peak Flow Rate			Required Storage (m ³)
	Q _{Target} (L/s)	Post-Development (L/s)		
		Uncontrolled	Controlled	
2	24.1	540	24.0	605
5	37.1	691	30.4	899
10	45.5	845	34.5	1079
25	57.3	985	49.5	1285
50	67.1	1,109	56.5	1446
100	75.7	1,237	62.5	1628

1. Controlled flows using 75mm diameter orifice



Project: 6939 King Street
 Project No.: 1990-5787
 Created By: JA
 Checked By: JL
 Date: 11/17/2020
 Updated: 6/17/2022

Dry Pond Outlet Orifice Design - 2 x 125 mm

Depth Increment (m) =	0.05
Inlet Elevation (m) =	263.95

Orifice: $Q=CA(2gH)^{0.5}$	Orifice 1	Orifice 2
Discharge Coef., Cd=	0.80	0.80
Orifice Diameter (mm) =	125	125
Area of Orifice (m ²) =	0.0123	0.0123
Orifice (Side/Bottom) =	Side	Side
Invert (m) =	263.95	264.50

Storage Rating Curve							
Water Elev. (m)	Depth (m)	Active Length (m)	Active Width (m)	Volume (m3)	Orifice1 Q (Side) L/s	Orifice2 Q (Side) L/s	Total Q
263.95	0.00	28.50	58.50	0	0.00	0.00	0.00
264.00	0.05	28.80	58.80	84	0.00	0.00	0.00
264.05	0.10	29.10	59.10	169	8.42	0.00	8.42
264.10	0.15	29.40	59.40	256	12.86	0.00	12.86
264.15	0.20	29.70	59.70	344	16.13	0.00	16.13
264.20	0.25	30.00	60.00	433	18.83	0.00	18.83
264.25	0.30	30.30	60.30	524	21.19	0.00	21.19
264.30	0.35	30.60	60.60	616	23.32	0.00	23.32
264.35	0.40	30.90	60.90	709	25.26	0.00	25.26
264.40	0.45	31.20	61.20	804	27.07	0.00	27.07
264.45	0.50	31.50	61.50	900	28.76	0.00	28.76
264.50	0.55	31.80	61.80	997	30.36	0.00	30.36
264.55	0.60	32.10	62.10	1096	31.88	0.00	31.88
264.60	0.65	32.40	62.40	1196	33.33	8.42	41.75
264.65	0.70	32.70	62.70	1298	34.72	12.86	47.58
264.70	0.75	33.00	63.00	1401	36.06	16.13	52.18
264.75	0.80	33.30	63.30	1505	37.34	18.83	56.17
264.80	0.85	33.60	63.60	1611	38.59	21.19	59.78
264.85	0.90	33.90	63.90	1718	39.80	23.32	63.11
264.90	0.95	34.20	64.20	1827	40.97	25.26	66.23
264.95	1.00	34.50	64.50	1937	42.11	27.07	69.17
265.00	1.05	34.80	64.80	2049	43.21	28.76	71.98
265.05	1.10	35.10	65.10	2162	44.29	30.36	74.66
265.10	1.15	35.40	65.40	2276	45.35	31.88	77.23
265.15	1.20	35.70	65.70	2392	46.38	33.33	79.71
265.20	1.25	36.00	66.00	2509	47.39	34.72	82.11
265.25	1.30	36.30	66.30	2628	48.38	36.06	84.43
265.30	1.35	36.60	66.60	2749	49.34	37.34	86.69
265.35	1.40	36.90	66.90	2870	50.29	38.59	88.88
265.40	1.45	37.20	67.20	2994	51.22	39.80	91.02
265.45	1.50	37.50	67.50	3119	52.14	40.97	93.10

Bottom of Pond

Top of Active Storage
(264.84)

Top of Pond

Modified Rational Calculations - 100-Year Storm Event

Control Criteria

100 yr: Control Post-Development Peak Flows to Unit Flow Rate

100 yr: Uncontrolled Post-Development Flow:

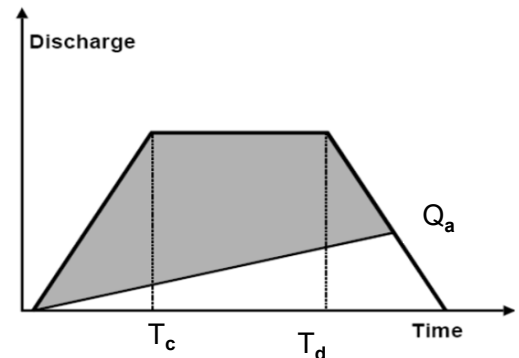
$$Q_{\text{post}} = 1,237.4 \text{ L/s}$$

100 yr: Target Flow Rate:

$$Q_{\text{target}} = 75.7 \text{ L/s}$$

$$Q_{\text{actual}} = 62.5 \text{ L/s}$$

Storage Volume Determination				
T_d (min)	i (mm/hr)	T_d (sec)	Q_{Uncont} (m^3/s)	S_d (m^3)
10	196.54	600	1.237	704.9
20	145.13	1200	0.914	1040.2
30	115.28	1800	0.726	1231.4
40	95.75	2400	0.603	1353.0
50	81.95	3000	0.516	1435.4
75	60.40	4500	0.380	1551.8
100	47.93	6000	0.302	1604.1
125	39.78	7500	0.250	1625.1
150	34.03	9000	0.214	1628.1
175	29.75	10500	0.187	1620.0
200	26.45	12000	0.167	1604.3
225	23.81	13500	0.150	1583.3
250	21.66	15000	0.136	1558.3
275	19.87	16500	0.125	1530.2
300	18.36	18000	0.116	1499.8
325	17.07	19500	0.107	1467.6
335	16.60	20100	0.105	1454.2
Required Storage Volume:				1628.1



Peak Flow $Q_{\text{post}} = 0.0028 \cdot C_{\text{post}} \cdot i(T_d) \cdot A$
--

Storage $S_d = Q_{\text{post}} \cdot T_d - Q_{\text{target}} (T_d + T_c) / 2$
--

Modified Rational Calculations - 50-Year Storm Event

Control Criteria

50 yr: Control Post-Development Peak Flows to Unit Flow Rate

50 yr: Uncontrolled Post-Development Flow:

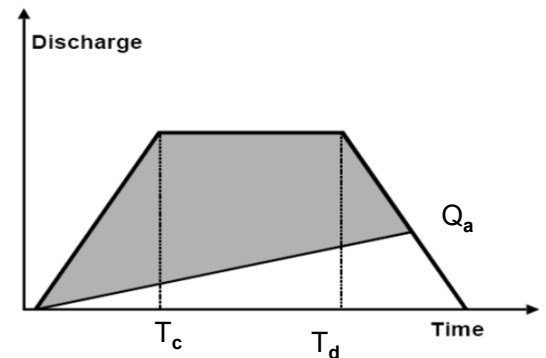
$$Q_{\text{post}} = 1,109 \text{ L/s}$$

50 yr: Target Flow Rate:

$$Q_{\text{target}} = 67 \text{ L/s}$$

$$Q_{\text{actual}} = 57 \text{ L/s}$$

Storage Volume Determination				
T_d (min)	i (mm/hr)	T_d (sec)	Q_{Uncont} (m ³ /s)	S_d (m ³)
10	176.19	600	1.109	631.7
20	129.36	1200	0.814	926.4
30	102.50	1800	0.645	1093.7
40	85.04	2400	0.535	1200.1
50	72.75	3000	0.458	1272.4
75	53.63	4500	0.338	1375.3
100	42.59	6000	0.268	1422.4
125	35.39	7500	0.223	1442.0
150	30.30	9000	0.191	1445.9
175	26.53	10500	0.167	1439.9
200	23.60	12000	0.149	1427.1
225	21.27	13500	0.134	1409.5
250	19.37	15000	0.122	1388.3
275	17.78	16500	0.112	1364.4
300	16.45	18000	0.104	1338.2
325	15.30	19500	0.096	1310.4
335	14.88	20100	0.094	1298.8
Required Storage Volume:				1445.9



Peak Flow $Q_{\text{post}} = 0.0028 \cdot C_{\text{post}} \cdot i(T_d) \cdot A$
--

Storage $S_d = Q_{\text{post}} \cdot T_d - Q_{\text{target}} (T_d + T_c) / 2$
--

Modified Rational Calculations - 25-Year Storm Event

Control Criteria

25 yr: Control Post-Development Peak Flows to Unit Flow Rate

25 yr: Uncontrolled Post-Development Flow:

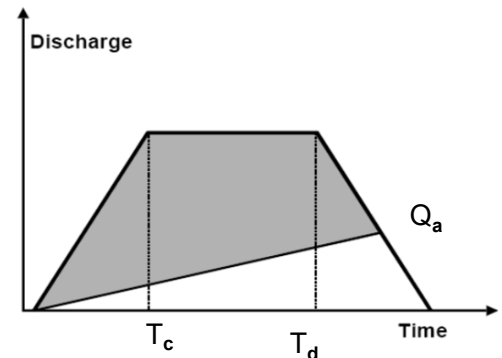
$$Q_{\text{post}} = 985 \text{ L/s}$$

25 yr: Target Flow Rate:

$$Q_{\text{target}} = 57 \text{ L/s}$$

$$Q_{\text{actual}} = 50 \text{ L/s}$$

Storage Volume Determination				
T_d (min)	i (mm/hr)	T_d (sec)	Q_{Uncont} (m^3/s)	S_d (m^3)
10	156.47	600	0.985	561.4
20	114.29	1200	0.720	818.9
30	90.39	1800	0.569	965.0
40	74.95	2400	0.472	1058.3
50	64.13	3000	0.404	1122.1
75	47.33	4500	0.298	1214.7
100	37.65	6000	0.237	1258.8
125	31.33	7500	0.197	1279.0
150	26.88	9000	0.169	1285.3
175	23.56	10500	0.148	1282.8
200	20.99	12000	0.132	1274.2
225	18.94	13500	0.119	1261.2
250	17.27	15000	0.109	1244.9
275	15.88	16500	0.100	1226.1
300	14.70	18000	0.093	1205.2
325	13.69	19500	0.086	1182.7
Required Storage Volume:				1285.3



Peak Flow $Q_{\text{post}} = 0.0028 \cdot C_{\text{post}} \cdot i(T_d) \cdot A$
--

Storage $S_d = Q_{\text{post}} \cdot T_d - Q_{\text{target}} (T_d + T_c) / 2$
--

Modified Rational Calculations - 10-Year Storm Event

Control Criteria

10 yr: Control Post-Development Peak Flows to Unit Flow Rate

10 yr: Uncontrolled Post-Development Flow:

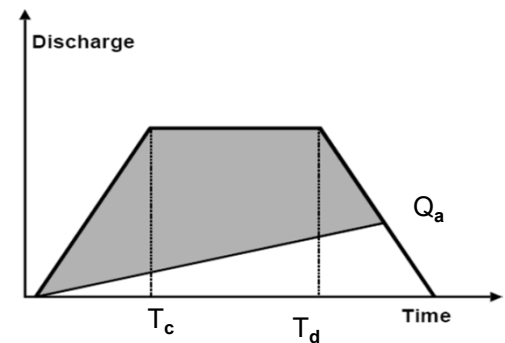
$$Q_{\text{post}} = 845 \text{ L/s}$$

10 yr: Target Flow Rate:

$$Q_{\text{target}} = 45 \text{ L/s}$$

$$Q_{\text{actual}} = 35 \text{ L/s}$$

Storage Volume Determination				
T_d (min)	i (mm/hr)	T_d (sec)	Q_{Uncont} (m ³ /s)	S_d (m ³)
10	134.16	600	0.845	486.1
20	95.47	1200	0.601	690.2
30	74.58	1800	0.470	803.8
40	61.44	2400	0.387	876.5
50	52.37	3000	0.330	927.0
75	38.50	4500	0.242	1002.8
100	30.61	6000	0.193	1042.4
125	25.49	7500	0.160	1064.0
150	21.89	9000	0.138	1074.9
175	19.22	10500	0.121	1079.0
200	17.15	12000	0.108	1078.2
225	15.50	13500	0.098	1074.0
250	14.15	15000	0.089	1067.1
275	13.03	16500	0.082	1058.1
300	12.07	18000	0.076	1047.4
325	11.26	19500	0.071	1035.4
Required Storage Volume:				1079.0



Peak Flow $Q_{\text{post}} = 0.0028 \cdot C_{\text{post}} \cdot i(T_d) \cdot A$
--

Storage $S_d = Q_{\text{post}} \cdot T_d - Q_{\text{target}} (T_d + T_c) / 2$
--

Modified Rational Calculations - 5-Year Storm Event

Control Criteria

5 yr: Control Post-Development Peak Flows to Unit Flow Rate

5 yr: Uncontrolled Post-Development Flow:

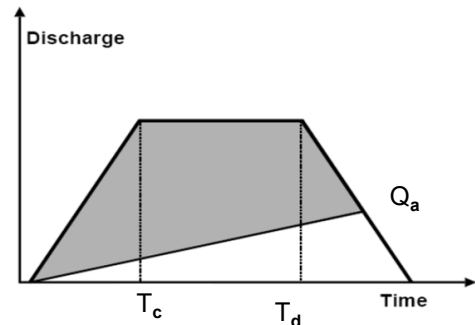
$$Q_{\text{post}} = 691 \text{ L/s}$$

5 yr: Target Flow Rate:

$$Q_{\text{target}} = 37 \text{ L/s}$$

$$Q_{\text{actual}} = 30 \text{ L/s}$$

Storage Volume Determination				
T_d (min)	i (mm/hr)	T_d (sec)	Q_{Uncont} (m ³ /s)	S_d (m ³)
10	109.68	600	0.691	396.1
20	77.89	1200	0.490	561.1
30	60.92	1800	0.384	653.9
40	50.28	2400	0.317	714.2
50	42.96	3000	0.270	756.7
75	31.77	4500	0.200	822.5
100	25.39	6000	0.160	858.6
125	21.23	7500	0.134	879.6
150	18.31	9000	0.115	891.4
175	16.13	10500	0.102	897.3
200	14.43	12000	0.091	899.0
225	13.08	13500	0.082	897.5
250	11.97	15000	0.075	893.6
275	11.05	16500	0.070	887.8
300	10.26	18000	0.065	880.5
325	9.59	19500	0.060	871.8
Required Storage Volume:				899.0



Peak Flow

$$Q_{\text{post}} = 0.0028 \cdot C_{\text{post}} \cdot i(T_d) \cdot A$$

Storage

$$S_d = Q_{\text{post}} \cdot T_d - Q_{\text{target}} (T_d + T_c) / 2$$

Modified Rational Calculations - 2-Year Storm Event

Control Criteria

2 yr: Control Post-Development Peak Flows to Unit Flow Rate

2 yr: Uncontrolled Post-Development Flow:

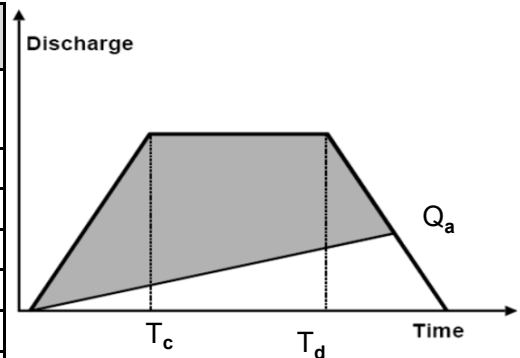
$$Q_{\text{post}} = 540 \text{ L/s}$$

2 yr: Target Flow Rate:

$$Q_{\text{target}} = 24 \text{ L/s}$$

$$Q_{\text{actual}} = 24 \text{ L/s}$$

Storage Volume Determination				
T_d (min)	i (mm/hr)	T_d (sec)	Q_{Uncont} (m^3/s)	S_d (m^3)
10	85.72	600	0.540	309.4
20	58.06	1200	0.366	417.0
30	44.38	1800	0.279	474.1
40	36.14	2400	0.228	510.1
50	30.60	3000	0.193	534.8
75	22.34	4500	0.141	571.8
100	17.74	6000	0.112	590.7
125	14.78	7500	0.093	600.5
150	12.70	9000	0.080	604.6
175	11.17	10500	0.070	605.1
200	9.98	12000	0.063	603.0
225	9.04	13500	0.057	599.0
250	8.27	15000	0.052	593.4
275	7.62	16500	0.048	586.6
300	7.08	18000	0.045	578.8
325	6.61	19500	0.042	570.2
Required Storage Volume:				605.1

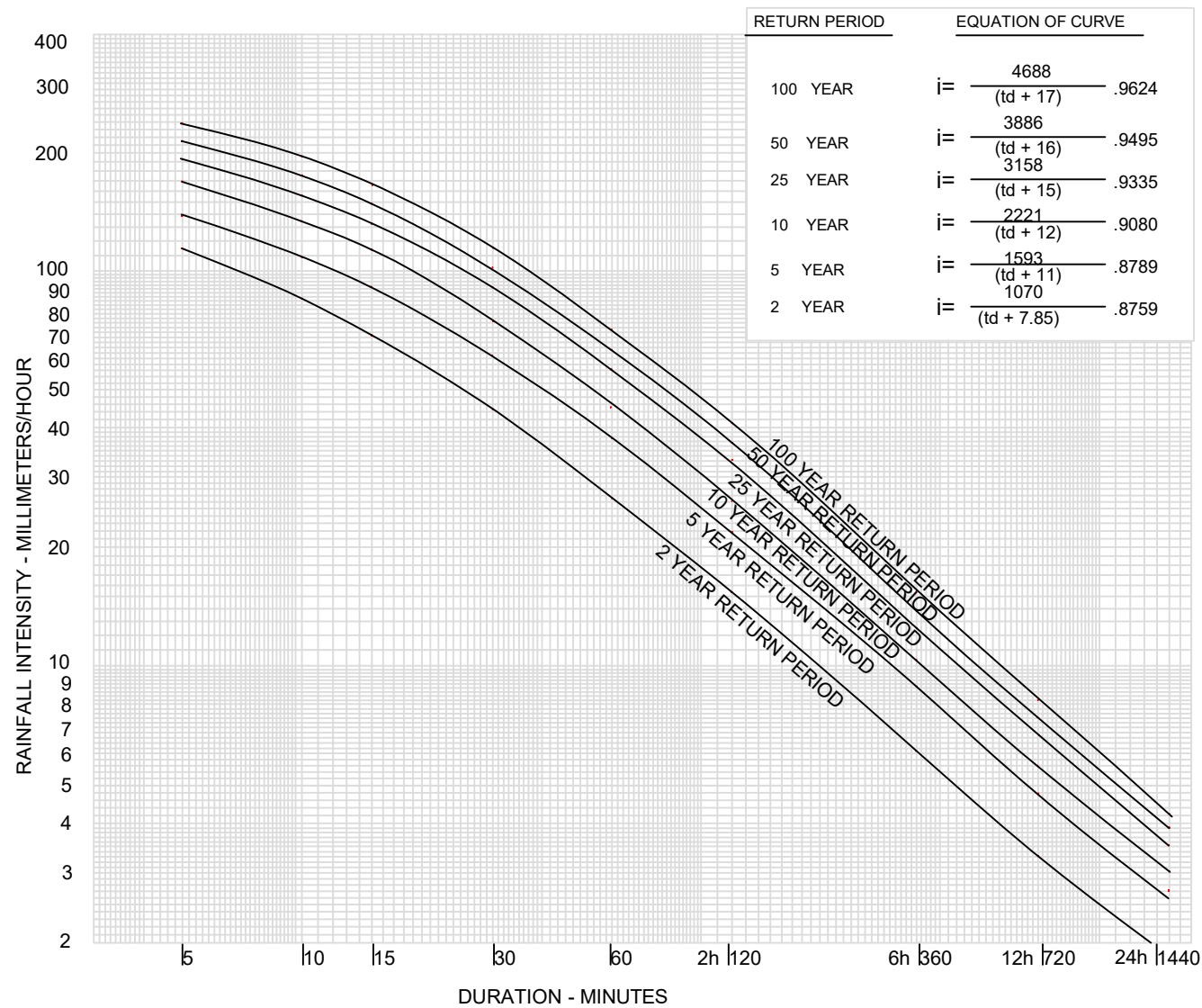


Peak Flow

$$Q_{\text{post}} = 0.0028 \cdot C_{\text{post}} \cdot i(T_d) \cdot A$$

Storage

$$S_d = Q_{\text{post}} \cdot T_d - Q_{\text{target}} (T_d + T_c) / 2$$

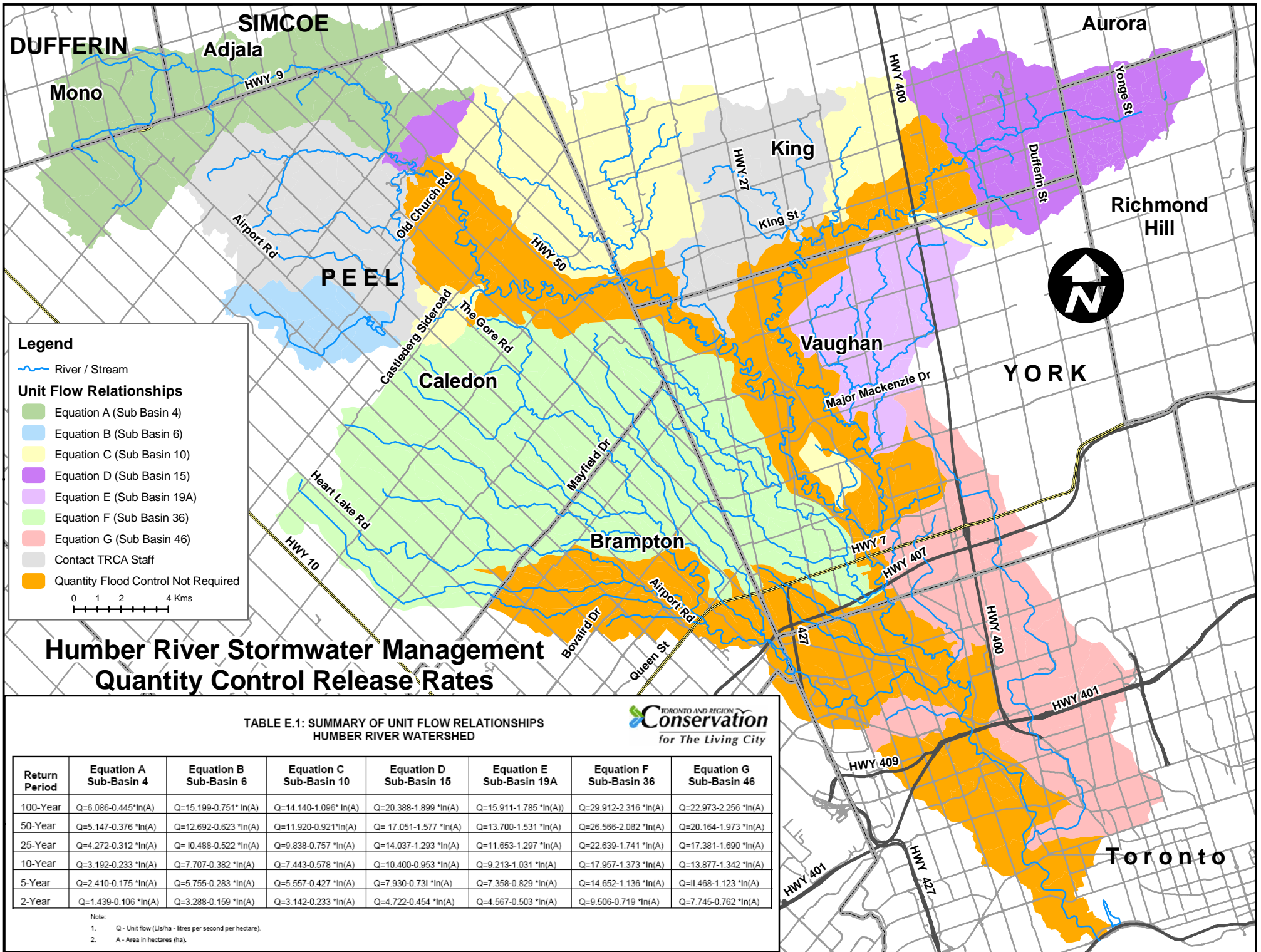


RETURN PERIOD	EQUATION OF CURVE
100 YEAR	$i = \frac{4688}{(td + 17)} .9624$
50 YEAR	$i = \frac{3886}{(td + 16)} .9495$
25 YEAR	$i = \frac{3158}{(td + 15)} .9335$
10 YEAR	$i = \frac{2221}{(td + 12)} .9080$
5 YEAR	$i = \frac{1593}{(td + 11)} .8789$
2 YEAR	$i = \frac{1070}{(td + 7.85)} .8759$

INLET TIMES	
SUBURBAN RESIDENTIAL (ROOF DRAINS UNCONNECTED)	15 min
(ROOF DRAINS CONNECTED)	10 min
SUBURBAN, COMMERCIAL, INDUSTRIAL MULTIPLE FAMILY	10 min
DOWNTOWN COMMERCIAL, HIGH DENSITY APARTMENTS, EXPRESSWAYS	5 min

RUNOFF COEFFICIENT	
COMMERCIAL - DOWNTOWN & SUBURBAN SHOPPING	0.90
INDUSTRIAL - DOWNTOWN - SUBURBAN INDUSTRIAL PARKS	0.90 0.75
RESIDENTIAL - APARTMENTS - ROW DWELLINGS - DUPLEX DWELLINGS - SEMIDETACHED - DOWNTOWN - SINGLE FAMILY - DOWNTOWN - SEMIDETACHED - SUBURBAN - SINGLE FAMILY - SUBURBAN	0.75 0.70 0.70 0.60 0.60 0.50 0.40
SCHOOLS, CHURCHES, HOSPITALS	0.75
PARKS, CEMETERIES, RAIL YARDS (OVER 4 Ha) (UNDER 4 Ha)	0.20 0.25
PARKING LOTS ASPHALT & GRAVEL	0.90

TOWN OF CALEDON				APR'D: C.C.	DATE: FEB 2000
<h1>RAINFALL INTENSITY CURVES</h1>	3	ADDITION OF TEXT	APR 19	DRAWN: BJM	SCALE: N.T.S.
	2	STANDARD 104 NOW 103	JAN 08		
	1	STANDARD 112.01 NOW 104	JUNE 08	<h2>STANDARD No. 103</h2>	
	NO.	REVISION	APR'D		



Legend

- River / Stream
- Unit Flow Relationships**
- Equation A (Sub Basin 4)
- Equation B (Sub Basin 6)
- Equation C (Sub Basin 10)
- Equation D (Sub Basin 15)
- Equation E (Sub Basin 19A)
- Equation F (Sub Basin 36)
- Equation G (Sub Basin 46)
- Contact TRCA Staff
- Quantity Flood Control Not Required

0 1 2 4 Kms

Humber River Stormwater Management Quantity Control Release Rates

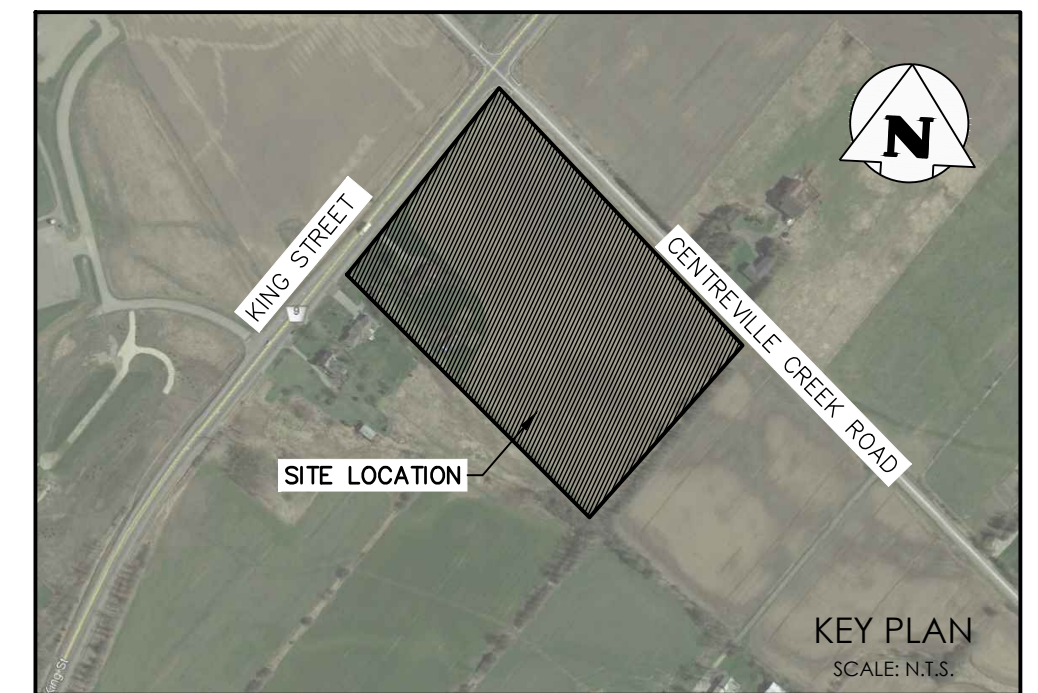
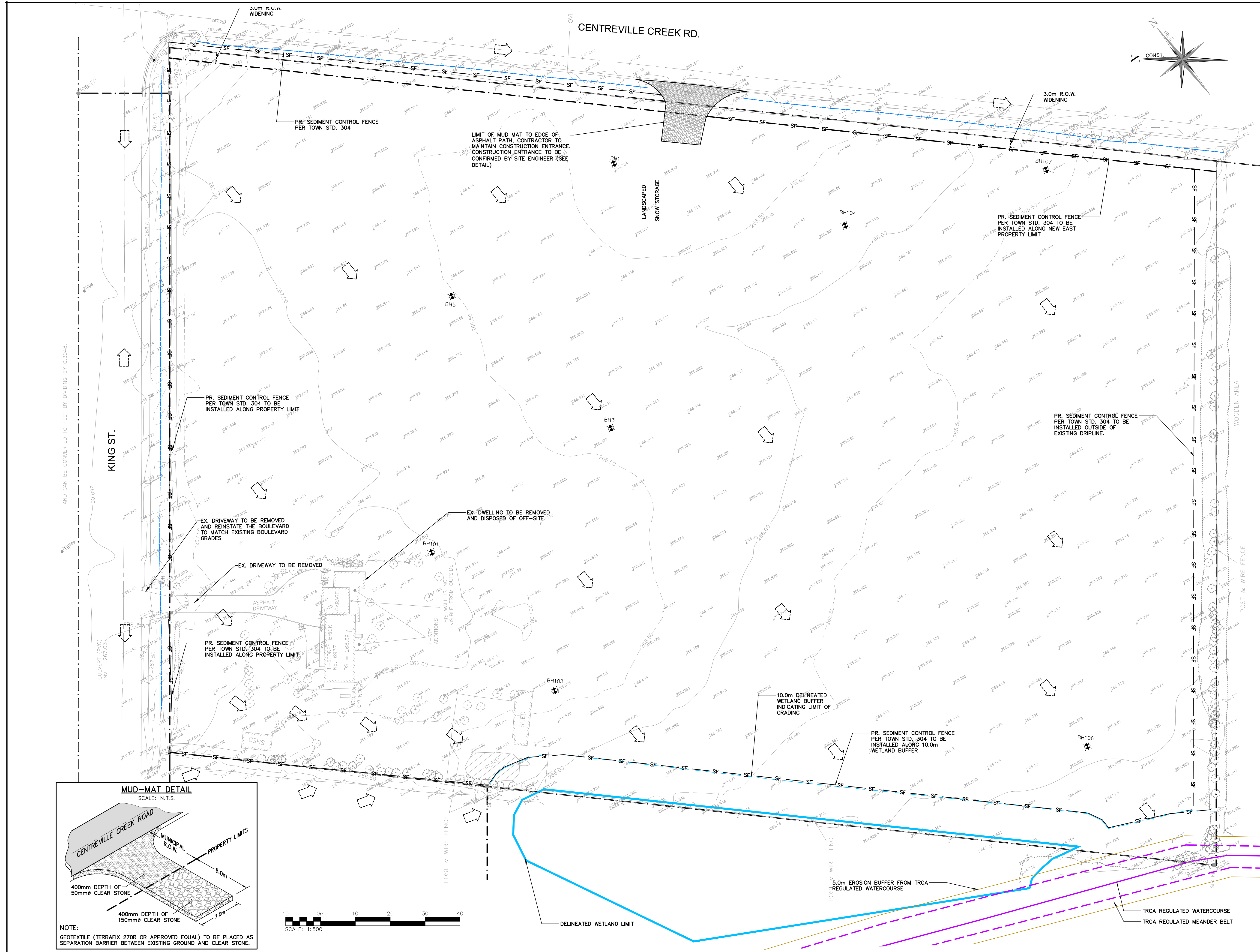
TABLE E.1: SUMMARY OF UNIT FLOW RELATIONSHIPS
HUMBER RIVER WATERSHED



Return Period	Equation A Sub-Basin 4	Equation B Sub-Basin 6	Equation C Sub-Basin 10	Equation D Sub-Basin 15	Equation E Sub-Basin 19A	Equation F Sub-Basin 36	Equation G Sub-Basin 46
100-Year	$Q=6.086-0.445 * \ln(A)$	$Q=15.199-0.751 * \ln(A)$	$Q=14.140-1.096 * \ln(A)$	$Q=20.388-1.899 * \ln(A)$	$Q=15.911-1.785 * \ln(A)$	$Q=29.912-2.316 * \ln(A)$	$Q=22.973-2.256 * \ln(A)$
50-Year	$Q=5.147-0.376 * \ln(A)$	$Q=12.692-0.623 * \ln(A)$	$Q=11.920-0.921 * \ln(A)$	$Q=17.051-1.577 * \ln(A)$	$Q=13.700-1.531 * \ln(A)$	$Q=26.566-2.082 * \ln(A)$	$Q=20.164-1.973 * \ln(A)$
25-Year	$Q=4.272-0.312 * \ln(A)$	$Q=10.488-0.522 * \ln(A)$	$Q=9.838-0.757 * \ln(A)$	$Q=14.037-1.293 * \ln(A)$	$Q=11.653-1.297 * \ln(A)$	$Q=22.639-1.741 * \ln(A)$	$Q=17.381-1.690 * \ln(A)$
10-Year	$Q=3.192-0.233 * \ln(A)$	$Q=7.707-0.382 * \ln(A)$	$Q=7.443-0.578 * \ln(A)$	$Q=10.400-0.953 * \ln(A)$	$Q=9.213-1.031 * \ln(A)$	$Q=17.957-1.373 * \ln(A)$	$Q=13.877-1.342 * \ln(A)$
5-Year	$Q=2.410-0.175 * \ln(A)$	$Q=5.755-0.283 * \ln(A)$	$Q=5.557-0.427 * \ln(A)$	$Q=7.930-0.731 * \ln(A)$	$Q=7.358-0.829 * \ln(A)$	$Q=14.652-1.136 * \ln(A)$	$Q=11.468-1.123 * \ln(A)$
2-Year	$Q=1.439-0.106 * \ln(A)$	$Q=3.288-0.159 * \ln(A)$	$Q=3.142-0.233 * \ln(A)$	$Q=4.722-0.454 * \ln(A)$	$Q=4.567-0.503 * \ln(A)$	$Q=9.506-0.719 * \ln(A)$	$Q=7.745-0.762 * \ln(A)$

Note:
 1. Q - Unit flow (L/s/ha - litres per second per hectare).
 2. A - Area in hectares (ha).

FIGURES



LEGEND

- PROPERTY LINE
- - - EXISTING CONTOUR (0.5m)
- - - EXISTING CONTOUR (1.0m)
- - - EXISTING GRADE
- - - EXISTING DITCH
- - - EXISTING TREE
- - - TRCA REGULATED WATERCOURSE
- - - TRCA REGULATED MEANDER BELT
- - - DELINEATED WETLAND LIMIT (BY PINCHIN)
- - - 10.0m WETLAND BUFFER
- - - EXISTING TREE DRIP LINE
- - - EXISTING OVERLAND FLOW DIRECTION
- [Symbol] MUD-MAT; SEE DETAIL
- [Symbol] SILT FENCE; SEE DETAIL

NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

--	--

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No.	ISSUE / REVISION	YYYY/MM/DD

ELEVATION NOTE:
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ELEVATION = 251.929m

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UTM ZONE 17, NAD83 (GSR) (2010.0)
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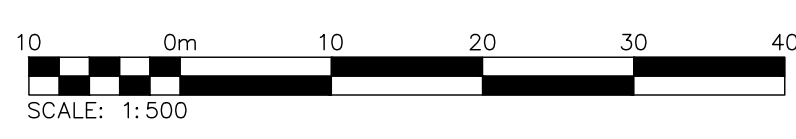
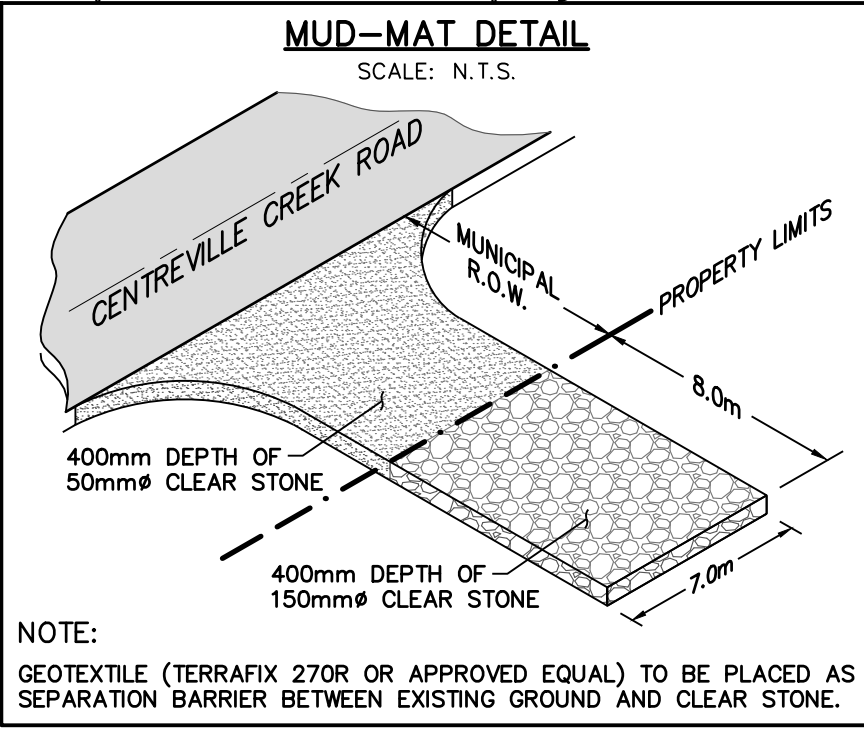
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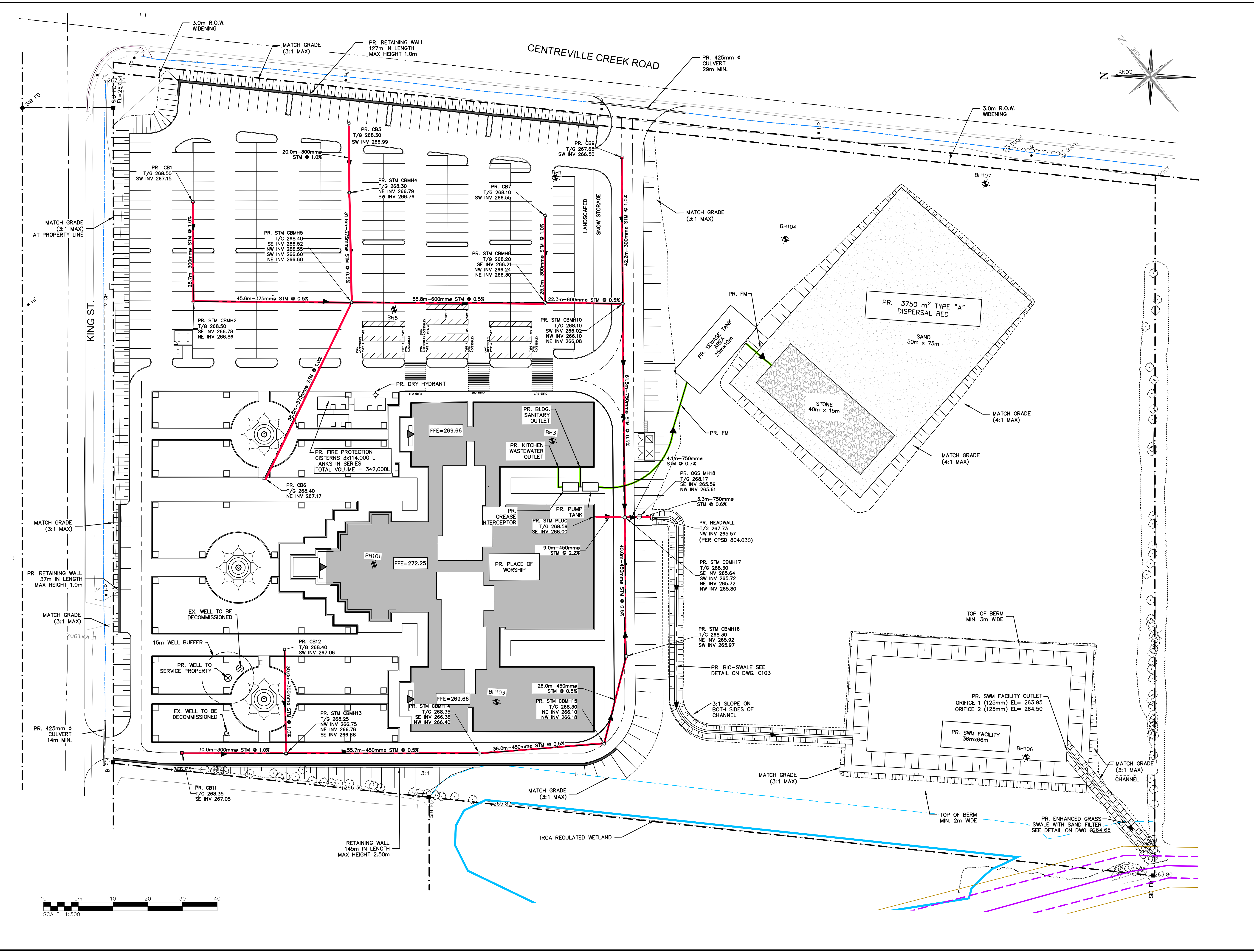
Project: **6939 KING STREET
TOWN OF CALEDON
REGION OF PEE**

Drawing: **EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN**

2800 HIGH POINT DRIVE
SUITE 100
MILTON, ON L9T 6P4
905-875-0026 T
905-875-4915 F
WWW.CFCROZIER.CA

Drawn	A.S.	Design	A.S.	Project No.	1990-5787
Check	K.R./R.A.	Check	K.R./R.A.	Scale	1:500
				Dwg.	C101





LEGEND

- PROPERTY LINE
- EXISTING DITCH
- EXISTING FENCE
- EXISTING TREE DRIP LINE
- EXISTING TREE
- TRCA REGULATED WETLAND
- 10.0m TRCA REGULATED WETLAND BUFFER
- BOREHOLES (BY OTHERS)
- PROPOSED RETAINING WALL
- PROPOSED SLOPE
- PROPOSED WELL
- PROPOSED SANITARY FORCE MAIN
- PROPOSED STORM SEWER & MANHOLE
- PROPOSED CATCHBASIN MANHOLE
- PROPOSED SINGLE / DOUBLE CATCHBASIN
- PROPOSED DRY HYDRANT

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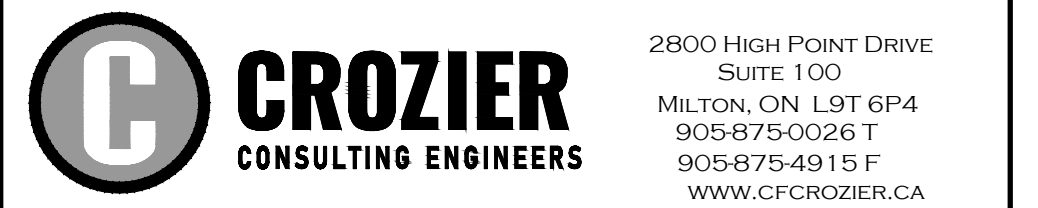
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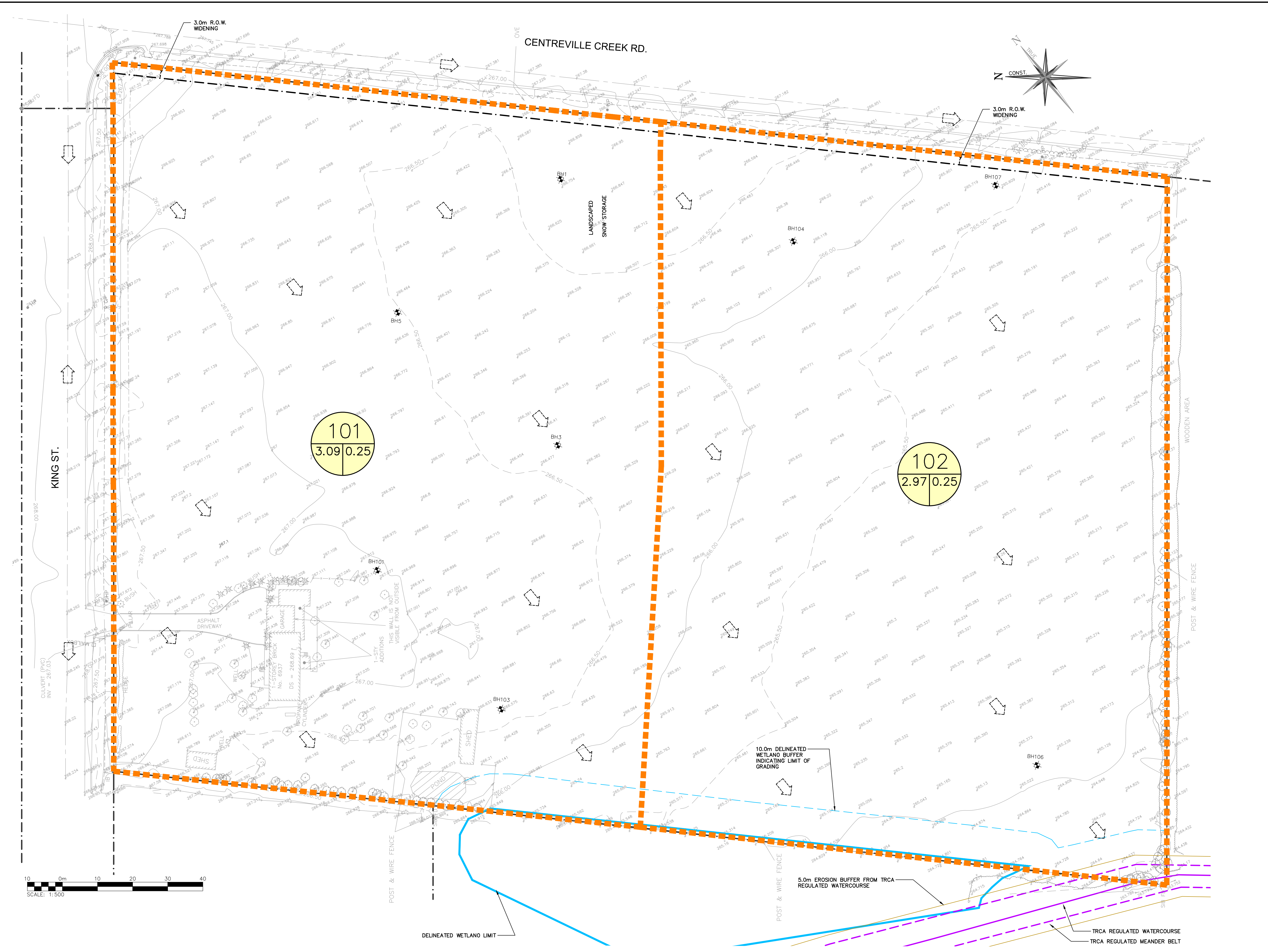
Project
**6939 KING STREET
TOWN OF CALEDON
REGION OF PEE**

Drawing
PRELIMINARY SERVICING PLAN



Drawn	A.S.	Design	A.S.	Project No.	1990-5787
Check	K.R./R.A.	Check	K.R./R.A.	Scale	1:500
				Dwg.	C102

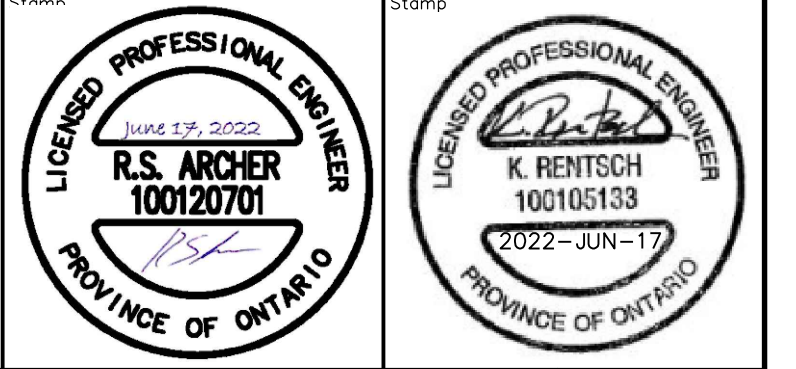




LEGEND

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- EXISTING CONTOUR (1.0m)
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- EXISTING FENCE
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- TRCA REGULATED MEANDER BELT
- DELINEATED WETLAND LIMIT (BY PINCHIN)
- 10.0m WETLAND BUFFER
- EXISTING DITCH
- EXISTING TREE
- EXISTING OVERLAND FLOW DIRECTION
- STORM DRAINAGE CATCHMENT
- CATCHMENT I.D.
- AREA (ha) | RUNOFF COEFFICIENT

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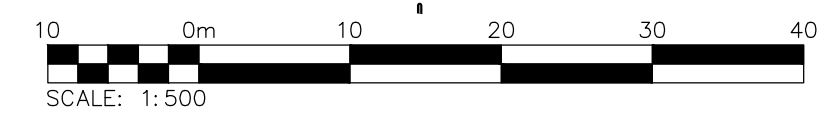
Project
**6939 KING STREET
TOWN OF CALEDON
REGION OF PEEI**

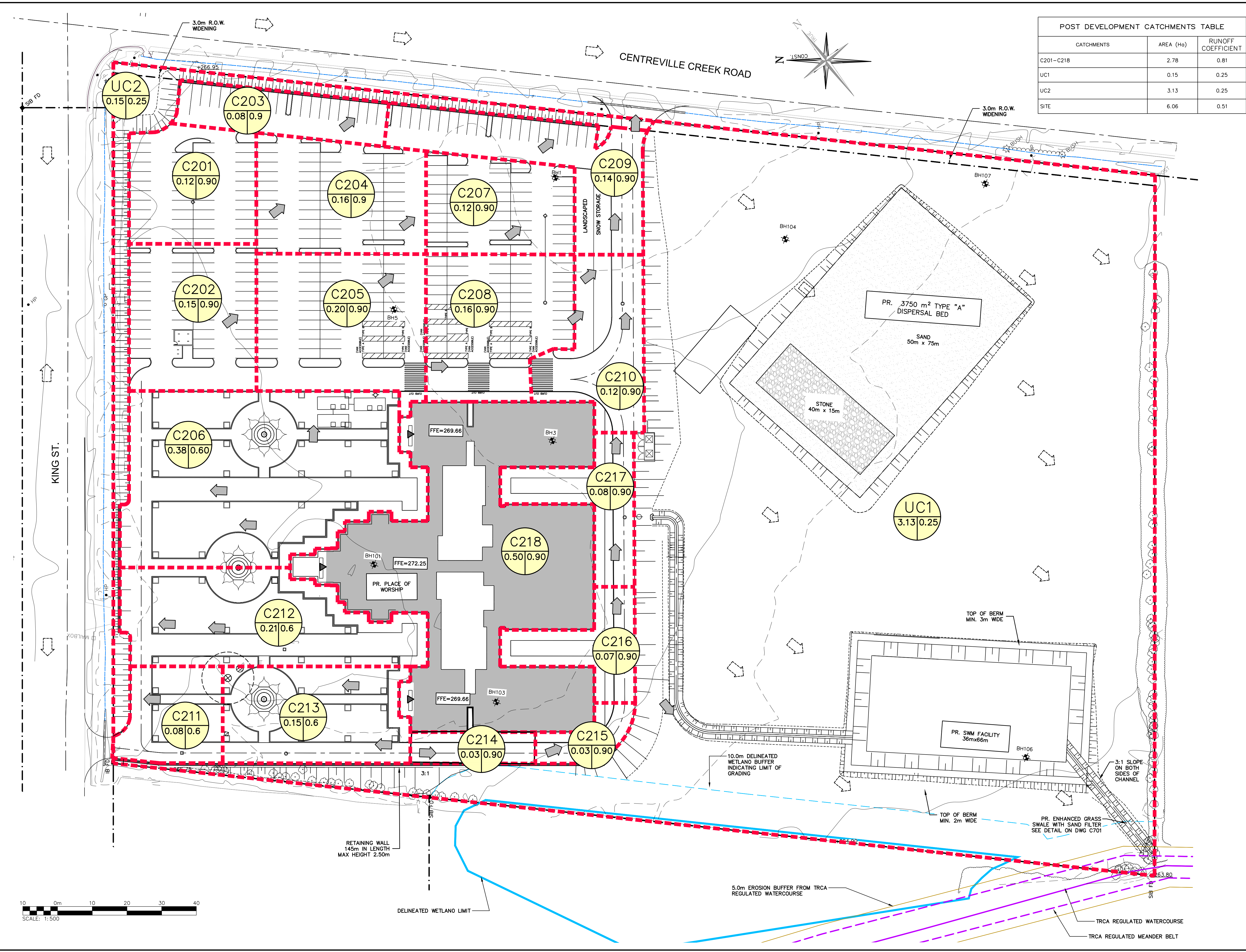
Drawing
PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN

CROZIER
CONSULTING ENGINEERS

2800 High Point Drive
Suite 100
Millton, ON L9T 6P4
905-875-0026 T
905-875-4915 F
www.cfcrozier.ca

Drawn	A.S.	Design	A.S.	Project No.	1990-5787	
Check	K.R./R.A.	Check	K.R./R.A.	Scale	1:500	
					Dwg.	FIG. 1





POST DEVELOPMENT CATCHMENTS TABLE		
CATCHMENTS	AREA (Ha)	RUNOFF COEFFICIENT
C201-C218	2.78	0.81
UC1	0.15	0.25
UC2	3.13	0.25
SITE	6.06	0.51



LEGEND

- PROPERTY LINE
- EXISTING DITCH
- EXISTING TREE DRIP LINE
- EXISTING TREE
- TRCA REGULATED WATERCOURSE
- TRCA REGULATED MEANDER BELT
- DELINEATED WETLAND LIMIT (BY PINCHIN)
- 10.0m WETLAND BUFFER
- BOREHOLES (BY OTHERS)
- PROPOSED RETAINING WALL
- PROPOSED SLOPE
- EXISTING OVERLAND FLOW DIRECTION
- PROPOSED OVERLAND FLOW DIRECTION
- STORM DRAINAGE CATCHMENT
- CATCHMENT I.D.
- AREA (ha) | RUNOFF COEFFICIENT

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Professional Engineer stamps for R.S. ARCHER (100120701) and K. HENTSCH (100105133), both licensed in the Province of Ontario. The stamps include the date 2022-JUN-17.

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Project: 6939 KING STREET
TOWN OF CALEDON
REGION OF PEEI

Drawing: POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE PLAN

CROZIER CONSULTING ENGINEERS
2800 HIGH POINT DRIVE
SUITE 100
MILTON, ON L9T 6P4
905-875-0026 T
905-875-4915 F
WWW.CFCROZIER.CA

Drawn	A.S.	Design	A.S.	Project No.	1990-5787	
Check	K.R./R.A.	Check	K.R./R.A.	Scale	1:500	
					Fig	2